Self-Monitoring, Self-Isolation, Isolation

What's The Difference?

SYMPTOMS OF COVID-19 FEVER COUGH DIFFICULTY BREATHING

	SELF-MONITORING	SELF-ISOLATION	ISOLATION
	You have: no symptoms AND a history of possible exposure to the novel coronavirus in the last 14 days	You have: no symptoms AND a history of possible exposure to the novel coronavirus (due to travel outside of Canada or close contact with someone diagnosed with COVID-19)	You have: • symptoms, even if mild AND • you have been diagnosed with COVID-19 or are waiting for the results
1-1-1- 0-00 0-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	 monitor yourself for 14 days for one or more symptoms of COVID-19 go about your day but avoid crowded places and practice social/physical distancing 	 stay at home and monitor yourself for symptoms, even if mild, for 14 days avoid contact with other people to help prevent the spread of disease 	 stay at home until your Public Health Authority says you are no longer at risk of spreading the virus avoid contact with other people to help prevent the spread of disease in your home and community
	 You need to self-monitor if: you have reason to believe you have been exposed to a person with COVID-19 OR you are in close contact with older adults or medically vulnerable people OR your Public Health Authority has advised you to self-monitor for any reason 	 Self-isolate if: you have travelled outside of Canada within the last 14 days OR your Public Health Authority has identified you as a close contact of someone diagnosed with COVID-19 	 You need to isolate if: you have been diagnosed with COVID-19 OR you are waiting to hear the results of a laboratory test for COVID-19 OR your Public Health Authority has advised you to isolate at home for any reason
	If you develop symptoms, isolate yourself from others immediately and contact your Public Health Authority as soon as possible	If you develop symptoms, even if mild, stay home, avoid other people and contact your Public Health Authority as soon as possible	If your symptoms get worse immediately contact your healthcare provider or Public Health Authority and follow their instructions

